

## Subject Leader—A Albutt

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1 Number and Place Value	Number + & -	Number and Place Value	Number + & -	Fractions	Number x & /
Count to and across 100, forw backwards, beginning with 0 c from any given number.	or 1, orstatements involving addition (+), sub- traction (-) and equals (=) signs.rs to 100 in of twos,Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.more andMeasures (Time)rs using tationsUnderstanding time [for example, quick er, slower, earlier, later].d use the han, lessSequence events in chronological order 	<ul> <li>backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number.</li> <li>Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens.</li> <li>Given a number, identify one more and one less.</li> <li>Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.</li> <li>Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.</li> <li>Number x &amp; /</li> <li>Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the sup-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-D shapes, including:</li> <li>-2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and trian- gles].</li> <li>-3-D shapes [for example, cuboids</li> </ul>	of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.	the answer using concrete objects, pic torial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. <b>Geometry—Position</b> Describe position, direction and move ment, including whole, half, quarter an three-quarter turns.

10x, 2x 5x (Greater Depth)





### Subject Leader—A Albutt

A	utumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Sumr
Year 2 Number and P	lace Value	Measures (Money)	Number x & /	Number + & -	Statistics
Recognise the p a two-digit num Read and write numerals and i Use place value solve problems count in steps of in tens from an backward Number + & - Solve problems traction: - Using concret representation numbers, quan - Applying their mental and write Use estimation swers to a calcu 48+35 would b Recall and use facts to 20 flue related facts up Add and subtra objects, pictori mentally, inclue - A two-digit nu-	place value of each digit in mber (tens, ones). e numbers to at least 100 in in words. e and number facts to s. of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and by number, forward and s with addition and sub- te objects and pictorial as, including those involving ntities and measures. r increasing knowledge of itten methods. n to check that thier an- ulation are reasonable (e.g. be <100). addition and subtraction ently, and derive and use p to 100 act numbers using concrete ial representations, and iding: umber and ones umber and tens t numbers e one-digit numbers	Measures (Money) Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. Statistics Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. Geometry Identify and describe the properties of 2 -D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3- D shapes [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. Real Life Problems (1 week)	Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs Show that multiplication of two num- bers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one num- ber by another cannot Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, includ- ing problems in contexts. <b>Measures (Time)</b> Compare and sequence intervals of time. Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.	<ul> <li>Number + &amp; -</li> <li>Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul> <li>A two-digit number and ones</li> <li>A two-digit number and tens</li> <li>Two two-digit numbers</li> <li>Adding three one-digit numbers</li> </ul> </li> <li>Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot</li> <li>Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.</li> <li>Fractions</li> <li>Recognise, find, name and write fractions , 1/3 , 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity.</li> <li>Write simple fractions for example, 1/2 of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2.</li> <li>Recal Life Problems (1 week) </li> <li>***Linked to Whitgreave Wheels ***</li> </ul>	Statistics Interpret and constru- grams, tally charts, b simple tables. Ask and answer simp counting the number category and sorting quantity. Ask and answer quest ling and comparing of Measures (Standard Choose and use apprunits to estimate and height in any direction (kg/g); temperature (litres/ml) to the nea- unit, using rulers, sca and measuring vesse Compare and order I volume/capacity and using >, < and =.

Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to  $12 \times 12$ .

10x, 5x, 2x, 3x. Children are also able to find patterns of odd and even within X Tables.



### nmer 1

#### Summer 1

struct simple pictos, block diagrams and

imple questions by hber of objects in each ting the categories by

uestions about totalng categorical data.

#### ard Units)

and measure length/ action (m/cm); mass are (°C); capacity nearest appropriate scales, thermometers essels.

ler lengths, mass, and record the results

#### Number x & /

Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) signs

Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot

Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.

#### Geometry—Position

Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.

Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).

#### Real Life Problems (1 week)

\*\*\*Linked to Whitgreave Wheels \*\*\*



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	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
r <b>3</b>	Number and Place Value	Measures (Standard Units)	Number x & /	Number + & -	Fractions	Number x & /
5	Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones). Compare and order numbers up to 1000. Number + & - Add and subtract numbers mentally,	I can read scales in divisions of 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s, in practical situations (where not all numbers on the scales are given). I can read measuring instruments with increasing accuracy,. I can compare, add and subtract measures. Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (I/mI).	Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; divid- ing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. Recognise and use factor pairs and com- mutatively in mental calculations. Multiply two-digit and three-digit num- bers by a one-digit number using formal written layout.	Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones three-digit number and tens, three-digit number and hundreds. Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written meth- ods of column addition, subtraction and estimating.	Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one- digit numbers or quantities by 10. Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denomina- tors. <b>Statistics (M/O revisit)</b> Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.	Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally including: multiplying by 0 and 1; div ing by 1; multiplying together three numbers.
	<ul><li>including: a three-digit number and ones</li><li>three-digit number and tens, a three-</li><li>digit number and hundreds.</li><li>Add and subtract numbers with up to</li><li>three digits, using formal written meth-</li></ul>	Measure the perimeter and area of simple 2-D shapes.	Number and Place Value (M/O revisit) Identify, represent and estimate num- bers using different representations. Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words.	<b>Geometry</b> Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and de- scribe them.	Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and picto- grams and tables.	Compare and order unit fractions, ar fractions with the same denominato Real Life Problems ( 1 week)
	ods of column addition and subtraction + estimating. I can add and subtract using £ and p in practical contexts.	<b>Geometry</b> Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and de- scribe them.	Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.	Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.	Measures (Time) Tell and write the time from an anal- logue clock, including using roman nu-	***Linked to Whitgreave Wheels **
	I can add and subtract amounts of mon- ey to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.	Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right an- gle. Real Life Problems ( 1 week)	Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and picto- grams and tables.	Real Life Problems ( 1 week) ***Linked to Whitgreave Wheels ***	merals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24- hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, after- noon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a mi- nute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.	
	Objectives to feed throughout the year;	***Linked to Whitgreave Wheels ***			Compare durations of events [for exam- ple to calculate the time taken by partic- ular events or tasks].	

3x, 4x, 6x, 11x





## Subject Leader—A Albutt

	Autumn 1	Autumn 1/2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
ar 4	Number and Place Value	Solve addition and subtraction two-step	Number x & /	Number + & -	Fractions	Number x & /
ar 4	Order and compare numbers beyond 1000. Identify, represent and estimate num- bers using different representations. Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers. Find 1000 more or less than a given number. Count backwards through zero to in- clude negative numbers. Read roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. Identify, represent and estimate num- bers using different representations. Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000	solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. I can add and subtract money with deci- mal places. I can use both £ and p in context and recognise equivalence e.g. 306p = £3.06 Autumn 2 Measure inc Area and Perimeter Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]. Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares. Estimate, compare and calculate differ- ent measures, including money in pounds and pence. Geometry Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of sym- metry. Real Life Problems ( 1 week)	Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; divid- ing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations. Multiply two-digit and three-digit num- bers by a one-digit number using formal written layout. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distribu- tive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects. <b>Number and Place Value (M/O revisit)</b> Objectives from Autumn 1 during men- tal starters. <b>Statistics</b> Interpret and present discrete and con- tinuous data using appropriate graph- ical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why including money. <b>Geometry (Position)</b> Describe positions on a 2-D grid as co- ordinates in the first quadrant. Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down. Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. <b>Measure (Time)</b> I can read, write and convert time be- tween analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks. I can solve problems involving calcu- lating lengths of time. I can convert hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months or weeks to days. <b>Real Life Problems ( 1 week)</b> ****Linked to Whitgreave Wheels ***	Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent frac- tions. Count up and down in hundredths; rec- ognise that hundredths arise when di- viding an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, in- cluding non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. <b>Measures (Money)</b> Estimate, compare and calculate differ- ent measures, including money pounds and pence. <b>Area and Perimeter (M/O revisit)</b> Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres. Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.	Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; divid- ing by 1; multiplying together three numbers. Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations. Multiply two-digit and three-digit num- bers by a one-digit number using forma written layout. Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distribu- tive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects. <b>Decimals</b> Recognise and write decimal equiva- lents of any number of tenths or hun- dredths. Recognise and write decimal equiva- lents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4. Find the effect of dividing a one- or two -digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. Solve simple measure and money prob- lems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. <b>Real Life Problems ( 1 week)</b> ****Linked to Whitgreave Wheels ***

Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12.

7x, 8x, 9x, 12x





### Subject Leader—A Albutt

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dist 12 000 and denome towardsmeasure for example, klowerds and measure for any general klowerds contracts and measure for any general klowerds and measure for any general klowerds and measure for any general klowerds and any general klowerds and service for any general klowerds and any general klowerds and service for any general klowerds and genera			Number x & /	Number + & -	Statistics	Number x & /
Real Life Problems (2 weeks) problems in contexts, deciding which opera- tions and methods to use and why.	at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit.Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000.Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero.Multiply and divide whole numbers and those 	<ul> <li>measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre).</li> <li>Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints.</li> <li>Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water].</li> <li>Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.</li> <li>Geometry</li> <li>Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations.</li> <li>Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.</li> <li>Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles.</li> <li>Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.</li> <li>Real Life Problems (2 weeks)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two -digit numbers.</li> <li>Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.</li> <li>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.</li> <li>Number and Place Value (M/O revisit)</li> <li>Objectives from Autumn 1 during mental starters.</li> <li>Measure (Time)</li> <li>I can solve problems which involve converting between units of time, e.g, expressing answer as days and weeks.</li> <li>I can solve problems involving time including</li> </ul>	than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Fractions Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, + = = 1]. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number. Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. Recal Life Problems (2 weeks)	<ul> <li>lems using information presented in a line graph.</li> <li>Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.</li> <li>Area and Perimeter</li> <li>Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres.</li> <li>Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes.</li> <li>Solve problems involving converting between units of time.</li> <li>Geometry (Position)</li> <li>Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o).</li> <li>Identify:</li> <li>Angles at a point and one whole turn (total 3600).</li> <li>Angles at a point on a straight line and a turn (total 1800).</li> <li>Other multiples of 900.</li> <li>Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know</li> </ul>	Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fraction and problems involving simple rates. Num- ber Fractions. Fractions Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one deci mal place. Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places Solve problems involving number up to thr decimal places. Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and un- derstand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal. Solve problems which require knowing per centage and decimal equivalents of , , , , and those fractions with a denominator of a mu- tiple of 10 or 25. Real Life Problems (2 weeks)

Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers.

Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.

Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.





### Subject Leader—A Albutt

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	
<sup>-</sup> 6	Number and Place Value	Number x and /	Fractions (Continued)	Geometry	Measures
U	Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit.	Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two- digit whole number using the formal written method	Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers.	Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles.	Solve prob and conve
	Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the	of long multiplication. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate	Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.	Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets. Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles,	using decir mal places Use, read, standard u ments of le
	above. Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places.	for the context. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders accord-	Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, includ-ing in different contexts.	quadrilaterals, and regular polygons. Illustrate and name parts of circles, includ- ing radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the	from a sma larger unit, mal notatio places.
	Number + & -,	ing to the context.	Decimals and Percentages	radius.	Convert be
	Confidently add numbers mentally, with increasingly large numbers, manipulating expressions to simply the calcula- tion.	Fractions	Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places. Associate a fraction with division and calcu-	Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.	Ratio and I Solve prob where the
	Confidently estimate the answer to an addition calculation and use the inverse to check it's correct.	Use common factors to simplify fractions; use com- mon multiples to express fractions in the same de- nomination.	late decimal equivalents of common frac- tions such as halves, quarters and fifths.	Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants).	be found. Identify tha
	Confidently add whole numbers with more than 4 digits, using formal column addition. Confidently add a mix of whole numbers and decimals with	Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1. Add and subtract fractions with different denomina- tors and mixed numbers, using the concept of equiva-	Calculate more complex decimal equivalents such as 3/8 = 0.375, using my understanding of fractions and decimals.	Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.	as a ratio a relationshi Divide a qu
	different numbers of decimal places using column addition. Confidently subtract numbers mentally, with increasingly	lent fractions. Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the	I can recall and use equivalence between fractions, decimals and % to solve problems (e.g, 10% of £5.00 or 50% of the team).	Area and Perimeter Recognise that shapes with the same areas	(recognisin of
	large numbers, manipulating expressions to simply the calculation. Confidently estimate the answer to a subtraction calcula-	answer in its simplest form [for example, $1/4 \times 1/2 = 1/8$ ].	Use the relationship between fractions, deci- mals and %, to decide how best to approach	can have different perimeters and vice versa.	
	tion and use the inverse to check it's correct. Confidently subtract whole numbers with more than 4	Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$ ].	a problem (e.g. 40% is the same as 2/5, 85% = 50% + 20% + 10% +5%).	Recognise when it is possible to use for- mulae for area and volume of shapes.	
	digits, using formal column subtraction.	Associate a fraction with division and calculate deci- mal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, ].	Solve % problems in a variety of contexts such as comparing % (e.g, best buys).	calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.	
	Confidently subtract a mix of whole numbers and decimals with different numbers of decimal places using column subtraction.		the whole).	Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and	
	Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in con- texts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why			cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units [for example, mm3 and km3].	

**Objectives to feed throughout the year;** (Re-cap of Number facts to 12x12)

Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers.

Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.

Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.

Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison.



### Summer 1

#### es (Standard Units)

oblems involving the calculation Use simple formulae. version of units of measure, ecimal notation up to three decices where appropriate.

ad, write and convert between d units, converting measuref length, mass, volume and time | Find pairs of numbers that smaller unit of measure to a nit, and vice versa, using deciation to up to three decimal

between miles and kilometres.

#### nd Proportion

roblems involving similar shapes he scale factor is known or can d.

that a problem can be written io and solve problems using the ship.

quantity in a given ratio ising the proportion as a fraction

### Summer 2

#### Algebra

Generate and describe linear number sequences.

Express missing number problems algebraically.

satisfy an equation with two unknowns.

Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

#### Statistics

Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.

Calculate and interpret the mean as an average.



# Subject Leader—A Albutt

	Number	Algebra	Ratio, Proportion,	Geometry and Measures	Probability
			Rates and Change		
Year 7/8		AigeoraUse and interpret algebraic notation, including:Substitute numerical values into formulae and expressions, including scientific formulae.Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of expressions, equations, inequalities, terms and factors.Simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions to maintain equivalence.Understand and use standard mathematical formulae; rearrange formulae to change the subject.Model situations or procedures by translating them into algebraic expressions or formulae and by using graphs.Use algebraic methods to solve linear equations in one variable (including all forms that require rearrangement).Work with coordinates in all four quadrants.Recognise, sketch and produce graphs of linear and quadratic functions of one variable with appropriate scaling, using equations in x and y and the Cartesian plane.Interpret mathematical relationships both algebraically and graphically.Reduce a given linear equation in two variables to the standard form y = mx + c; calculate and interpret gra-		Derive and apply formulae to calculate and solve problems involving: perimeter and area of triangles, parallelograms, trapezia, volume of cuboids (including cubes) and other prisms (including cylinders).Calculate and solve problems involving: perimeters of 2-D shapes (including circles), areas of circles and composite shapes.Draw and measure line segments and angles in geometric figures, including interpreting scale drawings.Derive and use the standard ruler and compass constructions n (perpendicular bisector of a line segment, constructing a perpendicular to a given line from/at a given point, bisecting a given angle); recognise and use the perpendicular distance from a point to a line as the shortest distance to the line.Describe, sketch and draw using conventional terms and notations: points, lines, parallel lines, perpendicular lines, right angles, regular polygons, and other polygons that are reflectively and rotationally symmetric.Use the standard conventions for labelling the sides and angles of triangle ABC, and know and use the criteria for congruence of triangles Derive and illustrate properties of triangles, quadrilaterals, circles, and oth- er plane figures [for example, equal lengths and angles] using appropriate language and technologiesIdentify properties of, and describe the results of, translations, rotations and reflections applied to given figures	Record, describe and analyse the frequency of outcomes of simple probability experi- ments involving randomness, fairness, equal- ly and unequally likely outcomes, using ap- propriate language and the 0-1 probability scale. Understand that the probabilities of all possi- ble outcomes sum to 1. Enumerate sets and unions/intersections of sets systematically, using tables, grids and Venn diagrams. Generate theoretical sample spaces for sin- gle and combined events with equally likely, mutually exclusive outcomes and use these to calculate theoretical probabilities. <b>Statistics</b> Describe, interpret and compare observed distributions of a single variable through: appropriate graphical representation involv- ing discrete, continuous and grouped data; and appropriate measures of central tenden- cy (mean, mode, median) and spread (range, consideration of outliers). Construct and interpret appropriate tables,
	er, compare two quantities using percentages, and work with percent- ages greater than 100% . Interpret fractions and percentages as operators . Use standard units of mass, length, time, money and other measures, including with decimal quantities. Round numbers and measures to an appropriate degree of accuracy [for example, to a number of decimal places or significant figures] Use approximation through rounding to estimate answers and calcu- late possible resulting errors expressed using inequality notation a <x≤b. Use a calculator and other technologies to calculate results accurately and then interpret them appropriately. Appreciate the infinite nature of the sets of integers, real and rational numbers.</x≤b. 	dients and intercepts of graphs of such linear equa- tions numerically, graphically and algebraically. Use linear and quadratic graphs to estimate values of y for given values of x and vice versa and to find ap- proximate solutions of simultaneous linear equations. Find approximate solutions to contextual problems from given graphs of a variety of functions, including piece-wise linear, exponential and reciprocal graphs. Generate terms of a sequence from either a term-to- term or a position-to-term rule. Recognise arithmetic sequences and find the nth term. Recognise geometric sequences and appreciate other sequences that arise.	inverse proportion, including graphica and algebraic representations. Use compound units such as speed, unit pricing and density to solve prob- lems.	Understand and use the relationship between parallel lines and alternate and corresponding angles	charts, and diagrams, including frequency tables, bar charts, pie charts, and pictograms for categorical data, and vertical line (or bar) charts for ungrouped and grouped numerica data. Describe simple mathematical relationships between two variables (bivariate data) in observational and experimental contexts and illustrate using scatter graphs.

