



AUTUMN TERM

National Curriculum

Number and Place Value (4 Weeks)

Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations.

Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.

Recognise the place value of each digit in a 4-digit number (1000, 100, 10, 1).

Find 1000 more or less than a given number.

Order and compare numbers beyond 1000.

Read roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value.

Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000.

Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers.

Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers.

Number + & - (3 Weeks)

Measure Area (1 Week)

Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate.

Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation.

Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.

Small Steps				
Step 1	Represent numbers to 1,000			
Step 2	Partition numbers to 1,000			
Step 3	Number line to 1,000			
Step 4	Thousands			
Step 5	Represent numbers to 10,000			
Step 6	Partition numbers to 10,000			
Step 7	Flexible partitioning of numbers to 10,000			
Step 8	Find 1, 10, 100, 1,000 more or less			
Step 9	Number line to 10,000			
Step 10	Estimate on a number line to 10,000			
Step 11	Compare numbers to 10,000			
Step 12	Order numbers to 10,000			
Step 13	Roman numerals			
Step 14	Round to the nearest 10			
Step 15	Round to the nearest 100			
Step 16	Round to the nearest 1,000			
Step 17	Round to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000			
Step 1	Add and subtract 1s, 10s, 100s and 1,000s			
Step 2	Add up to two 4-digit numbers – no exchange			
Step 3	Add two 4-digit numbers - one exchange			
Step 4	Add two 4-digit numbers - more than one exchange			
Step 5	Subtract two 4-digit numbers – no exchange			
Step 6	Subtract two 4-digit numbers – one exchange			
Step 7	Subtract two 4-digit numbers – more than one exchange			
Step 8	Efficient subtraction			
Step 9	Estimate answers			
Step 10	Checking strategies			
Step 1	What is area?			
Step 2	Count squares			
Step 3	Make shapes			
Step 4	Compare areas			

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National Curriculum	Small Steps			
Number x & / (3 Weeks)	Step 1 Multiples of 3			
Recall multiplication facts up to 12x12.	Step 2 Multiply and divide by 6			
Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations.	Step 3 6 times-table and division facts			
Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.	Step 4 Multiply and divide by 9			
Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide	Step 5 9 times-table and division facts			
mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers.	Step 6 The 3, 6 and 9 times-tables			
	Step 7 Multiply and divide by 7			
	Step 8 7 times-table and division facts			
	Step 9 11 times-table and division facts			
	Step 10 12 times-table and division facts			
	Step 11 Multiply by 1 and 0			
	Step 12 Divide a number by 1 and itself			
	Step 13 Multiply three numbers			
Real Life Maths Week—With a Unit of your choosing				
***Linked to Whitg	reave Wheels ***			

SPRING TERM

National Curriculum

Number x & / (3 Weeks)

Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations.

Recall multiplication facts up to 12x12.

Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.

Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout.

Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers.

Length and Perimeter (2 Weeks)

Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre).

Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres.

Small Steps			
Step 1	Factor pairs		
Step 2	Use factor pairs		
Step 3	Multiply by 10		
Step 4	Multiply by 100		
Step 5	Divide by 10		
Step 6	Divide by 100		
Step 7	Related facts – multiplication and division		
Step 8	Informal written methods for multiplication		
Step 9	Multiply a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number		
Step 10	Multiply a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number		
Step 11	Divide a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number (1)		
Step 12	Divide a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number (2)		
Step 13	Divide a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number		
Step 14	Correspondence problems		
Step 15	Efficient multiplication		
Step 1	Measure in kilometres and metres		
Step 2	Equivalent lengths (kilometres and metres)		
Step 3	Perimeter on a grid		
Step 4	Perimeter of a rectangle		
Step 5	Perimeter of rectilinear shapes		
Step 6	Find missing lengths in rectilinear shapes		
Step 7	Calculate perimeter of rectilinear shapes		
Step 8	Perimeter of regular polygons		
Step 9	Perimeter of polygons		

SPRING TERM—Continued

National Curriculum **Small Steps** Fractions (4 Weeks) Step 1 Understand the whole Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common Step 2 Count beyond 1 equivalent fractions. Partition a mixed number Step 3 Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator. Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to Step 4 Number lines with mixed numbers calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, Step 5 Compare and order mixed numbers including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. Understand improper fractions Step 7 Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions Step 8 Convert improper fractions to mixed numbers Equivalent fractions on a number line Step 10 Equivalent fraction families Add two or more fractions Add fractions and mixed numbers Subtract two fractions Step 13 Subtract from whole amounts Subtract from mixed numbers **Decimals (3 Weeks)** Tenths as fractions Step 1 Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of Tenths as decimals tenths or hundredths.

Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places.

Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths.

Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.

Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions.

Step 3 Tenths on a place value chart Step 4 Tenths on a number line Step 5 Divide a 1-digit number by 10 Divide a 2-digit number by 10 Step 6 Step 7 Hundredths as fractions Step 8 Hundredths as decimals Step 9 Hundredths on a place value chart Step 10 Divide a 1- or 2-digit number by 100

SUMMER TERM

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National Curriculum	Small Steps
Decimals (2 Weeks)	Step 1 Make a whole with tenths
Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of centric of any number of centric of the second second	Step 2 Make a whole with hundredths
Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places.	Step 3 Partition decimals
Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.	Step 4 Flexibly partition decimals Step 5 Compare decimals
Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number.	Step 6 Order decimals
Recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4.	Step 7 Round to the nearest whole number
	Step 8 Halves and quarters as decimals
Measures (Money—2 Weeks) Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money In pounds and pence.	Step 1 Write money using decimals Step 2 Convert between pounds and pence Step 3 Compare amounts of money
	Step 4 Estimate with money Step 5 Calculate with money
	Step 6 Solve problems with money
Measure (Time—2 Weeks)	Step 1 Years, months, weeks and days
Convert hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months	
or weeks to days.	
or weeks to days. Solve problems involving converting hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months or weeks to days.	Step 3 Convert between analogue and digital times Step 4 Convert to the 24-hour clock

SUMMER TERM					
National Curriculum	Small Steps				
Geometry (Shape—2 Weeks)	Step 1 Understand angles as turns				
Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes.	Step 2 Identify angles Step 3 Compare and order angles				
Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size.	Step 4 Triangles				
Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations.	Step 5 Quadrilaterals Step 6 Polygons				
Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.	Step 7 Lines of symmetry				
	Step 8 Complete a symmetric figure				
Statistics (1 Week)	Step 1 Interpret charts				
appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.	Step 2 Comparison, sum and difference Step 3 Interpret line graphs				
Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.	Step 4 Draw line graphs				
Geometry (Position—2 Weeks)	Step 1 Describe position using coordinates				
Describe positions on a 2-D grid as co-ordinates in the first quadrant.	Step 2 Plot coordinates				
Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down.	Step 3 Draw 2-D shapes on a grid				
Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.	Step 4 Translate on a grid				
יסואַבּטווי.	Step 5 Describe translation on a grid				
Real Life Maths Week—Wit	th a Unit of your choosing				

***Linked to Whitgreave Wheels ***